



**Paternoster Holding III GmbH**  
**as the Issuer of**  
**€225,000,000 8.50% Senior Notes due 2023**

**Financial results of Wittur International Holding GmbH**  
**for the nine months ended September 30, 2015**

**Dated November 26, 2015**

## TABLE OF CONTENTS

	Page
<b>SUMMARY OVERVIEW OF RESULTS</b> .....	3
<b>MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS</b> .....	6
<b>FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS</b> .....	14
<b>CURRENCY PRESENTATION AND DEFINITIONS</b> .....	15
<b>PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION</b> .....	15
<b>PRESENTATION OF INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA</b> .....	17
<b>RISK FACTORS</b> .....	17
<b>UNAUDITED IFRS CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT SEPTEMBER 30, 2015</b> .....	18
<b>UNAUDITED IFRS PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT MARCH 31 (CLOSING) AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015</b> .....	37

## SUMMARY OVERVIEW OF RESULTS

### Consolidation level

The following report and supporting Financial Statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are based on Wittur International Holding GmbH consolidated accounts. Paternoster Holding III GmbH consolidated accounts as at March 31, (Closing) and September 30, 2015, which includes six months trading of Wittur Group, are included as an appendix to this report.

### Results Summary

Strong performance in the nine months ended September 2015 delivered revenue growth of 16.8% to €444.8 million. At comparable exchange rates the growth was 7.6%, which is a very respectable increase from quarter 2 which delivered growth of 6.8% at comparable rates. There were no significant changes to Wittur market environment in quarter 3.

Asia revenue growth was particularly strong, contributing €211.6 million, an increase of 36.9% (or 14.0% at comparable rates), driven by increased sales to both Multinational and Independent companies and the translation impact of the weaker euro. Europe delivered respectable revenue growth of 7.5% to €192.8 million, with good performance in Italy, Germany and UK offset by slower market recovery in France, Poland and Scandinavia. The Rest of World region generated revenue of €40.3 million which was a reduction of 14.0%, mainly due to cessation of business in Iran due to compliance with US sanctions and to reduced sales to Russia because of the weak economic climate, offset by increased sales in Latin America of 5.7%.

EBITDA Adjusted grew by 16.0% to €66.4 million in the nine months period to September 2015. EBITDA Adjusted margin was 14.9% which was broadly similar to prior year margin of 15.0%.

Net cash flow before financing activities was significantly lower in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014 with a 28.0% reduction to €32.2 million. This was mainly due to increased working capital requirements, higher taxes paid and by higher cash used in investing activities as a result of cash generated from a one-off sale of a building in Italy in 2014 offset by increased cash generated from operations in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

## Other Financial and Operating Data

### Other Financial Data

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2015
	<i>in € million</i>	
	<i>(unaudited unless otherwise stated)</i>	
<b><u>Profit and Loss</u></b>		
Revenues	380.9	444.8
thereof Europe	179.4	192.8
thereof Asia	154.6	211.6
thereof Rest of World	46.9	40.3
EBITDA <sup>(1)</sup>	54.8	63.8
EBITDA Adjusted <sup>(1)</sup>	57.2	66.4
EBITDA Adjusted margin <sup>(2)</sup>	15.0%	14.9%
Gross profit <sup>(3)</sup>	100.8	116.8
Gross profit margin <sup>(3)</sup>	26.5%	26.3%
<b><u>Cash Flow</u></b>		
Total capital expenditures <sup>(4)</sup>	5.3	6.2
Net cash flow before financing activities <sup>(5)</sup>	44.7	32.2
Cash Conversion <sup>(6)</sup>	90.7%	90.7%
<b><u>Credit Data</u></b> <sup>(7)</sup>		
<i>Pro forma</i> net senior financial debt <sup>(8)</sup>	198.8	183.0
<i>Pro forma</i> net financial debt <sup>(9)</sup>	423.8	408.0
<i>Pro forma</i> cash interest expense <sup>(10)</sup>	31.0	31.9
Ratio of <i>pro forma</i> net senior financial debt to LTM EBITDA Adjusted	2.80x	2.16x
Ratio of <i>pro forma</i> net financial debt to LTM EBITDA Adjusted	5.98x	4.81x
<i>Pro forma</i> LTM EBITDA Adjusted	70.9	84.8
Ratio of LTM EBITDA Adjusted to <i>pro forma</i> cash interest expense	2.29x	2.65x

- (1) We define EBITDA as the consolidated net result for the period adding back finance expense, finance income, income taxes and depreciation and amortization. We define EBITDA Adjusted as EBITDA as adjusted to reflect the extraordinary income and expenses described below. We believe that these EBITDA-based measures are useful to investors in evaluating our operating performance and our ability to incur and service our indebtedness. These EBITDA-based measures are not indicators of performance recognized under IFRS or German GAAP. These EBITDA-based measures are not necessarily comparable to the performance figures published by other companies. You should exercise caution in comparing these EBITDA-based measures as reported by us to EBITDA-based measures of other companies. For more information, see “*Presentation of Financial and Other Information—Non-GAAP Financial Measures*”. The following table is a reconciliation of net result for the period to EBITDA, EBITDA Adjusted, in each case as defined by us, for the periods presented.

**Nine months ended September 30,**

	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<i>in € million</i>	
	<i>(unaudited unless otherwise stated)</i>	
<b>Net result for the period for continuing operations</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>24.3</b>
Finance expense	13.1	14.8
Finance income	(1.1)	(0.2)
Income taxes	12.2	13.0
<b>EBIT</b>	<b>43.4</b>	<b>52.0</b>
Depreciation and amortization	11.4	11.8
<b>EBITDA</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>63.8</b>
Project costs and consultant fees <sup>(A)</sup>	1.6	1.2
Reorganization costs <sup>(B)</sup>	0.5	-
Transaction costs <sup>(C)</sup>	-	0.7
Other costs <sup>(D)</sup>	0.3	0.7
<b>EBITDA Adjusted</b>	<b>57.2</b>	<b>66.4</b>

- (A) Project costs and consultancy fees relate to costs and fees incurred in connection with one-off projects such as transfer pricing and non-capex costs in relation to backfill of resources for the ERP project in Europe.
- (B) Reorganization costs relate to expenses incurred to reorganize certain aspects of our operations. These reorganization costs were incurred in connection with new initiatives put in place by group management, including interim management and recruitment costs related to the restructuring of our operations at our facility in Dresden, Germany in 2014.
- (C) Transaction costs relate to consultancy fees associated with change of ownership in 2015 and in relation to the acquisition of Sematic in 2016.
- (D) Other costs relate to initiatives to the transfer of certain of our operations in Rome, Italy, as well as related severance expenses and a small amount of transaction fees for Shareholder loan refinancing and insolvency of a customer.

- (2) EBITDA Adjusted margin represents, in any period, EBITDA Adjusted for such period, divided by revenues for such period.
- (3) Gross profit margin represents a quotient equal to (i) revenues for such period, minus costs of goods sold for such period excluding depreciation, divided by (ii) revenues for such period.
- (4) Total capital expenditures represent the sum of purchase of property, plant & equipment, intangible assets and capitalized development costs for such period.
- (5) Net cash flow before financing activities as presented in the cash flow statement included in the financial statements for the quarters ended September 30, 2014 and 2015. See “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations—Liquidity and Capital Resources— Analysis of Cash Flows*”.
- (6) Cash conversion represents a quotient equal to (i) EBITDA Adjusted, minus total capital expenditures, divided by (ii) EBITDA Adjusted.
- (7) Credit Data represents pro forma data and calculations at Paternoster III Group level.
- (8) Pro forma net senior financial debt represents the pro forma gross financial debt of the Paternoster III Group that is senior indebtedness (including structurally senior indebtedness of subsidiaries that are not Guarantors), minus pro forma cash and cash equivalents, after giving effect to the Transactions that occurred on March 31, 2015.
- (9) Pro forma net financial debt represents the pro forma gross financial debt of the Paternoster III Group, minus pro forma cash and cash equivalents, after giving effect to the Transactions that occurred on March 31, 2015.
- (10) Pro forma cash interest expense represents the estimated interest expense of the Paternoster III Group on a pro forma basis last twelve months ended September 30, 2015, after giving effect to the Transactions.

## Other Operating Data

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2015
	(unaudited)	(unaudited)
Number of doors sold ( <i>units</i> ), including door mechanisms	1,157,963	1,272,227
Number of employees ( <i>heads</i> ) <sup>(1)</sup>	3,206	3,458
Order intake ( <i>in € million</i> ) <sup>(2)</sup>	403.3	462.5
Order book at the end of the period ( <i>in € million</i> ) <sup>(3)</sup>	82.9	89.0

- (1) Employee figures are headcount figures. Employee figures are based on the number at period-end for all periods presented.
- (2) We count order intake upon execution of a definitive contract and one of (i) receipt of the agreed down-payment or (ii) confirmation of committed financing; order intake represents a gross number, which includes certain changes of existing orders that are counted as a new order (with the original order being deemed cancelled, but not netted off against the gross number of order intake).
- (3) Order book at the end of the period represents orders for products and services where no contingencies remain before we and the customer are required to perform. Order book does not include prospective orders where customer-controlled contingencies remain, such as customers receiving approval from their board of directors or shareholders and the completion of financing arrangements. All such contingencies must be satisfied or must have expired prior to recording an order in the backlog, even if satisfying such conditions is highly certain. However, orders may still be cancelled and any replacement orders are not required to have the same value.

## Subsequent Events

Bain Capital completed the closing process, referred to in note 5 *Significant events and transactions* in the consolidated financial statements, on March 31, 2015, thereby acquiring Wittur International Holding GmbH Group. This Bond report includes the consolidated financial statements of Wittur International Holding GmbH for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The purchase price allocation has not been reflected in these financial statements.

On August 11, 2015, Wittur and Sematic agreed to merge and therefore create a leading global supplier in the elevators and elevator components manufacturing industry. The agreement between Bain Capital, as the owner of Wittur, and The Carlyle Group and the Zappa family, as joint owners of Sematic, is to transfer a controlling interest in Sematic to Wittur. Carlyle and the Zappa family will retain a stake in the combined entity. It is anticipated that closing will be early in 2016.

On October 22, 2015, Wittur Group successfully concluded the loan syndication for the financing of the Sematic acquisition valued at €210 million. The transaction will be financed by a €180 million senior facility loan add-on, a draw down from the revolving credit facility, which will be increased by €15 million to €80 million to facilitate the transaction, and the remainder from cash on the balance sheet. The loan add-on closing is subject to customary conditions.

## MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS OF FINANCIAL CONDITION AND RESULTS OF OPERATIONS

*The following discussion and analysis of financial condition and results of operations are based on the unaudited condensed consolidated interim financial statements as at September 30, 2015, which are all reproduced elsewhere in this report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as well as on the accounting records and internal management accounts of Wittur. The 2014 and 2015 Unaudited Condensed Consolidated Financial Statements were prepared in accordance with IFRS.*

*Some of the statements contained below relate to future revenues, costs, capital expenditures, acquisitions and financial condition and include forward-looking statements. Because such statements involve inherent uncertainties, actual results may differ materially from the results expressed in or implied by such forward-looking statements. A discussion of such uncertainties can be found in "Forward-Looking Statements". In addition, investing in the Notes involves risks. Such risks are discussed in "Risk Factors". See also "Presentation of Financial and Other Information".*

## Our geographic regions

We divide our operations into three regions, which include Europe, Asia and Rest of World. These regions describe the geographic region in which we manufacture our products, but do not necessarily correspond to their end-market.

From January 2015 the regional allocation of Wittur Poland changed from Rest of World to Europe. This new regional split is also used for comparative data in 2014.

The following table provides a breakdown by region of revenue for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015.

	Nine months ended September 30,					
	2014			2015		
	Europe	Asia	Rest of World	Europe	Asia	Rest of World
	<i>(unaudited)</i>					
	<i>in € million</i>					
Revenue	179.4	154.6	46.9	192.8	211.6	40.3

### Europe

Our Europe region represents our core market and comprises our European operations, including operations in Germany, Austria, Spain and Italy as well as our operations in Africa. Additionally, our Europe region includes our headquarters and certain holding company costs. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we generated revenue of €192.8 million, or 43.3% of our revenues in our Europe region. Growth in our Europe region was 7.5% in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, which is an increase from our six months ended June 30, 2015 growth of 4.9%.

Historically, revenue growth in our Europe region has been supported by a mature installed base, which drives modernization and maintenance, as well as demand for innovative elevator components designed to further increase elevator safety and energy efficiency.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we generated 42.1% of our revenue in our Europe region through sales to our Independent customers, an increase of 2.3% over the same period in 2014, and the remainder through sales to MNCs.

### Asia

Our Asia region has been the growth engine for our business, with a growth rate of 36.9%, or 14.0% at comparable rates. Our Asia business primarily consists of our operations in China, Hong Kong and India. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015 Asia generated the highest revenue of all regions achieving €211.6 million, or 47.6% of our revenues increasing from 40.6% in the same period in 2014. This constituted an increase of €57.0 million, or 36.9%, compared to nine months ended September 30, 2014. China accounted for 92.7% of our Asia revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 which is at a similar level to the nine months ended September 2014.

Revenue growth in our Asia region is primarily the result of new elevator installations, which are driven by increased population growth, urbanization and increasing demand for higher square footage per capita, especially in China. Additionally, our business has benefited from our close cooperation with market-leading Western MNCs and their expansion in Asia, particularly in China.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we generated 92.8% of our revenue in our Asia region through sales to our MNC customers, which was in line with the same period in 2014. We generated the remainder of our Asia revenue through sales to Independents.

## ***Rest of World***

Our Rest of World region mainly consists of our operations in Latin America and Eurasia and accounted for €40.3 million, or 9.1%, of our revenues in the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

Revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, in our Rest of World region was positively affected by sales growth in Latin America of 5.7%, but adversely affected by lost sales in Iran due to compliance with US sanctions and slow performance of our Russian operations as a result of the economic climate, accounting for €-7.9 million of the revenue reduction in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, compared to the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we generated 76.1% of our revenue in our Rest of World region through sales to our Independent customers, an increase of 0.5% from the nine months ended September 30, 2014. We generated the remaining 23.9% of our Rest of World revenue through sales to Multinational customers.

### **Explanation of Key Line Item**

For description of our key IFRS financial statements line items refer to Wittur Group 2014 Annual Bond Report.

### ***Results of Operations***

The following table provides an overview of our results of operations for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015:

	<b>Nine months ended September 30,</b>		<b>Change in %</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>	
	<i>in € million</i>		
	<i>(unaudited)</i>	<i>(unaudited)</i>	<i>(unaudited)</i>
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>380.9</b>	<b>444.8</b>	<b>16.8%</b>
<b>Cost of sales</b>	(280.0)	(328.0)	17.1%
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>100.8</b>	<b>116.8</b>	<b>15.8%</b>
Selling expenses	(13.8)	(15.5)	12.0%
Research & development expenses	(4.7)	(5.0)	6.3%
Administrative expenses	(38.5)	(43.0)	11.8%
Other income	1.3	1.6	19.4%
Other expenses	(1.7)	(2.8)	61.2%
<b>Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)</b>	<b>43.4</b>	<b>52.0</b>	<b>19.9%</b>
Finance expense	(13.1)	(14.8)	13.5%
Finance income	1.1	0.2	-83.1%
<b>Earnings before income taxes (EBT)</b>	<b>31.4</b>	<b>37.4</b>	<b>19.2%</b>
Income taxes	(12.2)	(13.0)	6.9%
<b>Net result for the period</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>24.3</b>	<b>27.0%</b>

### ***Revenues***

Revenues increased by €63.9 million, or 16.8%, from €380.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014, to €444.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015. At comparable exchange rates the growth was 7.6%. In each period within the last two years we have seen revenue growth compared to the same period in the prior year. This increase in revenues was driven by increased sales from both Independent and MNC customers, with Asia having higher MNC growth in the nine months ended in both percentage and value terms. Europe is showing higher growth to Independent customers in value terms, in percentage terms our Asia region has highest growth in Independents. We believe this demonstrates our balanced portfolio of regional spread of revenues and therefore the reduced exposure to a specific regions downturn.

## Revenues by region

	Nine months ended September 30,			
	2014		2015	
	<i>in € million</i>	<i>% of revenue</i>	<i>in € million</i>	<i>% of revenue</i>
Europe	179.4	47.1	192.8	43.3
Asia	154.6	40.6	211.6	47.6
Rest of World	46.9	12.3	40.3	9.1
<b>Revenue</b>	<b>380.9</b>	<b>100.0</b>	<b>444.8</b>	<b>100.0</b>

### Europe

Revenue in our Europe region increased by €13.4 million, or 7.5%, to €192.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €179.4 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, there were encouraging signs of growth in sales to Independents contributing 42.1% of sales, an increase of 2.3% from nine months ended September 30, 2014.

### Asia

Revenue in our Asia region increased by €57.0 million, or 36.9%, to €211.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €154.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, sales to MNCs accounted for 92.8% of our revenue in Asia, which remained at a fairly constant level compared to 2014.

### Rest of World

Revenue in our Rest of World region decreased by €6.6 million, or 14.0%, to €40.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from €46.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This decrease in revenue was mainly due to unstable economic climate in Latin America leading to pressure on margins, the weak economic situation in Russia and cessation of business in Iran due to compliance with US sanctions. In the nine months ended September 30, 2015, sales to Independents increased to 76.1% of revenue in our Rest of World region compared to 75.6% in 2014, whereas sales to MNCs decreased by 0.5% of revenue from 24.4% in 2014 to 23.9% of revenue in the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

### Cost of Sales

Cost of sales increased by €47.9 million, or 17.1%, to €328.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from €280.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

This increase in cost of sales was primarily due to sales growth and thereby increased direct material and labour costs within cost of sales. Indirect labour costs also increased as a result of gradually strengthening our support organization which was partially offset by purchasing savings in Asia region and effects of our operational improvement measures. Indirect labour costs (within cost of sales) as percentage of revenue stayed constant compared to 2014, whereas direct labour costs (within cost of sales) in percentage of revenue were slightly increased. Cost of direct materials amounted to €220.3 million, or 67.2%, of our overall cost of sales in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, an increase of €30.4 million, or 16.0%, compared to 2014. This increase in direct material costs, consumables and merchandise was the result of increased sales volumes. However material cost as a percentage of sales decreased from 49.9% to 49.5% between the two comparison periods due to purchasing savings and productivity efficiency improvement.

### Gross Profit

Gross profit increased by €16.0 million, or 15.8%, to €116.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €100.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase in gross profit was primarily due to the sales growth offset by increased packaging and labour costs.

### *Selling Expenses*

Selling expenses increased by €1.7 million, or 12.0%, to €15.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €13.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase was primarily due to execution of our strategy to strengthen our salesforce with a 7.9% increase in heads and also due to expenses incurred in relation to the Interlift fair in Germany and biennial fairs in Russia and Turkey in 2015.

### *Research & Development Expenses*

Research & Development expenses increased by €0.3 million, or 6.3%, to €5.0 million for nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €4.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The increase in Research & Development expenses was primarily due to increase in expenses for personnel due to enlargement of workforce which in turn allowed greater strategic focus on Research & Development projects resulting in higher cost.

### *Administrative Expenses*

Administrative expenses increased by €4.5 million, or 11.8%, to €43.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €38.5 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase in administrative expenses was mainly due to increased labour and recruitment costs as a result of an increase in the number of full-time equivalent employees in 2015 to further strengthen our support functions within the regions, as well as higher depreciation and amortization.

### *Other Income*

Other income increased slightly by €0.3 million, or 19.4%, to €1.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €1.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 as a result of increased tax credits in Argentina.

### *Other Expenses*

Other expenses increased by €1.1 million, or 61.2%, to €2.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €1.7 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase was primarily due to increased other business taxes in Asia as a result of higher revenues and an increase in exchange losses on foreign currency transactions mainly as a result of the economic situation and effect of euro purchases and payables in Latin America and the effect of the weak euro on US dollar purchases within Europe.

### *EBITDA Adjusted*

EBITDA Adjusted increased by €9.2 million or 16.0% to €66.4 million. This increase was as a result of sales growth, purchasing savings and effects of operational improvement measures, which was partly offset by loss of margin on reduced revenue from Russia and Iran, unstable economic situation in Latin America, increased labour cost as a result of ramp up of two new factories in Brazil and Slovakia and strengthening of our support functions.

### *Finance Expense*

Finance expense increased by €1.8 million or 13.5% to €14.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from €13.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 mainly due to currency losses on long term Intercompany loans and net loss on fair value measurement of financial instruments.

### *Finance Income*

Finance income decreased by €0.9 million or 83.1% to €0.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from €1.1 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This decrease is a result of a net gain on fair value measurement of financial instruments in the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

### *Income Taxes*

Income taxes increased by €0.8 million, or 6.9%, to €13.0 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €12.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The effective tax rate decreased from 38.9% in the nine months ended September 30, 2014 to 34.9% in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, mainly due to higher withholding tax on higher dividend payments from Turkey and China

combined with the effect of a different mix of profit contribution from entities resulting in a different blending of tax rates.

#### *Net Result for the Period*

Net result for the period increased by €5.2 million to €24.3 million profit in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from €19.2 million profit in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase was as a result of the factors described above.

#### *Working Capital*

We define working capital as the sum of inventories, trade receivables and other current assets, less trade payables and other current liabilities. The following table provides an overview of our working capital as at December 31, 2014 and September 30, 2015:

	<b>As of December 31,</b>	<b>As of September 30,</b>
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<i>in € million</i>	
	<i>(audited)</i>	<i>(unaudited)</i>
Inventories	43.1	46.8
Trade and other receivables	93.7	108.7
Trade payables	(78.6)	(85.4)
Other current assets	9.1	10.6
Other current liabilities	(29.3)	(36.3)
<b>Working capital</b>	<b>38.1</b>	<b>44.4</b>

(1) Working capital is a Non-GAAP financial measure and, as such, has not been audited for any of the periods presented.

Our effective management of working capital levels, particularly through sharing best practices among different jurisdictions, and the large proportion of our revenues derived globally operating MNCs, has allowed Wittur to maintain working capital requirements below 10% of LTM revenues since 2012.

## Analysis of Cash Flows

The following table sets forth consolidated cash flow data for the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015:

	Nine months ended September 30,	
	2014	2015
	<i>in € million</i>	
	<i>(unaudited)</i>	<i>(unaudited)</i>
<b>Operating activities</b>		
<b>Profit (loss) after Tax</b>	<b>19.2</b>	<b>24.3</b>
Depreciation, Amortization and Impairment	11.4	11.8
Taxes	12.2	13.0
Interest	12.0	14.7
Gain/loss on sale of fixed assets	(0.0)	(0.0)
Losses from disposal of fixed assets	0.0	0.1
<b>Cash generated from operations (excl. working capital changes)</b>	<b>54.8</b>	<b>63.9</b>
Changes in working capital	6.5	(9.5)
Net movement in provisions, pension obligations and other liabilities	(1.7)	(2.3)
Net movement in other assets	0.5	(0.1)
Interest received	0.2	0.3
Income taxes paid	(11.9)	(14.1)
<b>Net cash flow from operating activities</b>	<b>48.3</b>	<b>38.2</b>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	(3.0)	(2.5)
Purchase of intangible assets	(2.4)	(3.6)
Disposal of assets	1.7	0.1
<b>Net cash flow used in investing activities</b>	<b>(3.7)</b>	<b>(6.1)</b>
<b>Net cash flow before financing activities</b>	<b>44.7</b>	<b>32.2</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Repayment of Shareholder loan	(2.5)	-
Repayment of borrowings	(20.0)	(160.1)
Proceeds from borrowings	-	119.5
Payment for interest derivatives (Caps/Swaps)	(0.3)	-
Interest paid	(6.3)	(2.0)
<b>Net cash flow used in financing activities</b>	<b>(29.2)</b>	<b>(42.7)</b>
<b>Net increase/(decrease) in cash</b>	<b>15.5</b>	<b>(10.5)</b>
Effects of currency translation	0.7	4.1
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	20.0	34.0
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	36.2	27.5

*Nine Months Ended September 30, 2014 Compared to Nine Months Ended September 30, 2015*

### *Cash generated from operations (excluding working capital changes)*

Cash generated from operations (excluding working capital changes) increased by €9.1 million, or 16.6%, to €63.9 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €54.8 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase was primarily due to the increase in EBITDA Adjusted of €9.2 million as described above.

### *Net cash flow from operating activities*

Net cash flow from operating activities decreased by €10.1 million, or 20.9%, to €38.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €48.3 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. The decrease was mainly due to increase in working capital of €16.0 million and higher income taxes paid of €2.2 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015 as a result of higher EBT and higher withholding tax on dividend payments.

### *Net cash flow used in investing activities*

Net cash flow used in investing activities increased by €2.4 million, to €(6.1) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €(3.7) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase was primarily due to increase capitalization of research and development costs, the capitalization of ERP costs in Austria in 2015, and the one-off sale of a building in Italy in January 2014, in connection with the sale of a company in 2013, which led to cash proceeds of €1.6 million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014.

### *Net cash flow used in financing activities*

Net cash flow used in financing activities increased by €13.5 million, or 46.2%, to €(42.7) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, from €(29.2) million in the nine months ended September 30, 2014. This increase was primarily due to repayments of old borrowings in nine months ended September 30, 2015 of €160.1 million, offset by proceeds of loans from Paternoster of €112.5 million and by the partial repayment of the shareholder loan in nine months ended September 30, 2014 but nil in 2015 and lower interest paid as the external borrowings are now at Paternoster Holding III GmbH and Paternoster Holding IV GmbH and not Wittur International Holding GmbH.

### *Capital Expenditures*

To support our business strategy and development plans and to further expand our business operations in new markets, such as China, we regularly incur expansion capital expenditures. In the nine months ended September 30, 2014 and 2015, we incurred capital expenditures of €5.3 million, or 1.4% of revenue, and €6.2 million, or 1.4% of revenue, respectively.

The following table presents our capital expenditures by period. Expansion capital expenditures mainly relate to entering and establishing production facilities and a sales force in new markets, expanding production of our existing facilities and entering into production of new products. Maintenance capital expenditures mainly relate to maintaining our existing operations and replacing existing property, plant & equipment.

	<b>Nine months ended September 30,</b>	
	<b>2014</b>	<b>2015</b>
	<i>in € million</i>	
	<i>(unaudited)</i>	<i>(unaudited)</i>
Expansion capital expenditures	3.5	5.3
Maintenance capital expenditures	1.8	0.9
<b>Capital expenditures</b>	<b>5.3</b>	<b>6.2</b>

We incurred €6.2 million of capital expenditures in the nine months ended September 30, 2015, of which €0.9 million were maintenance capital expenditures and €5.3 million were expansion capital expenditures. Typically, our maintenance capital expenditures are concentrated in the last quarter of a year.

For the year ending December 31, 2015, our management expects to incur capital expenditures of approximately €12.5 million. Major projects in the year ending December 31, 2015 include investments in emerging economies, such as China, Brazil, and India to further expand our business operations in these growing markets and new ERP system in Austria and Slovakia. We anticipate capital expenditures in future periods to amount to approximately 2% of revenue, which we believe will be sufficient to support the ongoing growth of our business.

## Contractual Obligations and Contingent Liabilities

The following contractual obligations and principal payments identify what we are obliged to make as at September 30, 2015 after giving effect to the Transactions. Also see “*Financial Risk Management*” in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere herein.

<i>in € million</i>	Payments due by period (unaudited)			
	Total	Less than 1 year	1 to 5 years	More than 5 years
New Term Loan B Facility	195.0	-	-	195.0
Revolving Credit Facility	-	-	-	-
Ancillary Credit Facility	0.8	0.8	-	-
Notes	225.0	-	-	225.0
Finance Lease	3.6	0.2	1.6	1.7
Other Bank Loans	11.4	11.2	0.2	-
<b>Total</b>	<b>435.8</b>	<b>12.2</b>	<b>1.9</b>	<b>421.7</b>

## Pension Obligations

We offer various types of retirement benefits to certain of our employees worldwide, either directly or by contributing to independently administered funds. In particular, we have defined benefit pension plans in Austria and Italy. As at September 30, 2015, we had retirement and benefit obligations and obligations relating to indemnities for the termination of employment contracts in accordance with applicable local law (mainly Italian and Austrian law) in an amount of €2.7 million and €7.1 million, respectively.

We have historically funded payments required to be made under these pension plans with cash flow from operating activities, and we anticipate continuing doing so going forward.

## Qualitative Disclosure on Market Risk

We are exposed to a number of financial risks arising in the ordinary course of business, such as credit risks, foreign exchange risk and interest rate risks. Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk consists of the following types of risk: foreign currency exchange rate risk and interest rate risk. Financial instruments exposed to market risk include interest-bearing loans and derivative financial instruments. See “*Financial risk management*” in the notes to our consolidated financial statements contained elsewhere herein.

## Critical Accounting Policies

Wittur Accounting policies year to date September 30, 2015 remain consistent with and unchanged from 2014. See Wittur 2014 Annual Bond Report “*Critical Accounting Policies*”.

## FORWARD-LOOKING STATEMENTS

This nine months ended financial report contains certain forward looking statements, such as statements about expectations, beliefs, plans, objectives, intentions, assumptions and other statements which are not statements of historical fact.

Forward-looking statements are subject to known and unknown risks and uncertainties and are based upon potentially inaccurate assumptions that could cause results to differ materially from those expected or implied by the forward-looking statements.

The statements outlined in “*Forward-Looking Statements*” in the 2014 Annual Bond Report continue to apply to any forward-looking statements contained in this financial report.

## CURRENCY PRESENTATION AND DEFINITIONS

In this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, all references to “euro”, “EUR” or “€” are to the single currency of the participating member states of the Economic and Monetary Union of the Treaty Establishing the European Community, as amended from time to time and all references to “U.S. dollars”, “US\$” and “\$” are to the lawful currency of the United States of America.

### Definitions

All definitions outlined “*Currency Presentation and Definitions*” in the 2014 Annual Bond Report continue to apply in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

## PRESENTATION OF FINANCIAL AND OTHER INFORMATION

### Financial Information

Unless otherwise indicated, the financial information as at and for the periods ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 presented in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 has been prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards as adopted by the European Union (“**IFRS**”). In this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, the terms “financial statements” and “financial information” refer to the financial statements and the financial information of Wittur. This Financial Report as at September 30, 2015 contains unaudited IFRS condensed consolidated financial statements of Wittur as at and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 and 2014 (“**Unaudited IFRS Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements**”), prepared in accordance with IFRS and also unaudited pro forma IFRS consolidated financial statements of Paternoster Holding III GmbH for the three months ended March 31, 2015 and the nine months ended September 30, 2015.

The Issuer was formed on December 19, 2014 for the purpose of facilitating the Transactions. As at September 30, 2015 the Issuer did not have any business operations or material assets or liabilities other than those incurred in connection with its incorporation and the Transactions. No financial information with respect to the Issuer is included in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, except for certain limited as adjusted pro forma financial data presented, as adjusted pro forma contractual obligations on a consolidated basis to reflect certain effects of the Transactions and preliminary financial statements of the Issuer as appendix of this Financial Report. All other historical financial information presented in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 is that of Wittur and its subsidiaries; accordingly, all references to “we”, “us”, “our” or the “Group” in respect of historical financial information in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are to Wittur and its subsidiaries on a consolidated basis.

For the period ended September 30, 2015, we are reporting our pro forma financial results at the level of the Issuer, on a consolidated basis, which includes the financial results of Wittur for the period after closing on March 31, 2015. The consolidated financial results of Wittur are also shown for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The Issuer will account for the Acquisition using the acquisition method of accounting under IFRS, which will affect the comparability of the Issuer’s future consolidated financial statements. The preliminary Purchase Price Allocation will be included in the Issuer’s consolidated financial results for December 31, 2015.

The financial statements included in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 are those of the Wittur Group and have not been adjusted to reflect the impact of any changes to the income statement, balance sheet or cash flow statement that might occur as a result of application of purchase accounting adjustments to be applied as a result of the Acquisition, nor have they been adjusted to reflect the impact of any changes to the balance sheet as a result of any limitation on our ability to use certain net operating loss carry forwards for tax purposes following the Acquisition. We expect that the carrying value for certain deferred tax assets on our balance sheet will be reduced upon consummation of the Acquisition as a result of these limitations. In addition, the application of purchase accounting could result in different carrying values for existing assets and assets we may add to our balance sheet, which may include intangible assets, such as goodwill, and different amortization and depreciation expenses, which could be significant. Our financial statements could be materially different from the financial statements included in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 once the adjustments are made.

The Acquisition will be accounted for using the purchase method of accounting. Under IFRS 3 “Business Combinations”, the cost of an acquisition is measured as the fair value of the assets transferred,

liabilities incurred and the equity interests issued by the acquirer, including the fair value of any asset or liability incurred and the equity interests issued by the acquirer, including the fair value of any asset or liability resulting from a contingent consideration arrangement. Acquisition-related costs are expensed as incurred. Identifiable assets acquired and liabilities and contingent liabilities assumed in a business combination are measured initially at their fair market values at the acquisition date. The excess of the consideration transferred over the fair value if the acquirer's share of the identifiable net assets acquired is recorded as goodwill. Since the Acquisition was consummated on March 31, 2015, we have not identified the fair value of assets acquired and liabilities to be assumed prior to the date of the Acquisition. In accordance with IFRS, we have up to twelve months from the Completion Date to finalize the allocation of the purchase price.

### **Non-GAAP Financial Measures**

This Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 contains non-GAAP financial measures and ratios (the “**non-GAAP measures**”), including EBITDA, EBITDA Adjusted, Cash Conversion, Gross profit, Working capital and leverage and interest coverage ratios that are not required by, or presented in accordance with, IFRS or other generally accepted accounting principles.

For definitions of these terms and further disclosure on non-GAAP financial measures see “*Presentation of financial and other information*” in Annual Report 2014. There are no changes to definitions of non-GAAP financial measures in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 from the 2014 Annual Bond Report apart from:

“**EBITDA Adjusted**” (referred to in the 2014 Annual Bond Report as Historic Adjusted EBITDA) is defined as EBITDA for the period after making certain other adjustments as described under Footnote (1) of “*Summary Overview of Results—Results Summary—Other Financial and Operating Data*”.

### **As Adjusted Financial Information**

We present in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 certain as adjusted financial information for the Issuer, which is based on the financial information for the Wittur Group, on an as adjusted basis to reflect certain effects of the Transactions on the indebtedness, cash position and interest expense of the Issuer as at and for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. See “*Summary—Overview of Results—Results Summary—Other Financial and Operating Data*”. The as adjusted financial information includes the following pro forma non-GAAP measures (the “pro forma non-GAAP measures”):

- “*Pro forma net financial debt*” of the Group means the pro forma gross financial debt less pro forma cash and cash equivalents, as at September 30, 2015; and
- “*Pro forma cash interest expense*” of the Group means the interest expense on the pro forma net financial debt for the last twelve months ended September 30, 2015, assuming that the Transactions had occurred.

These pro forma non-GAAP measures have been prepared for illustrative purposes only and do not represent what our actual interest expense would have been had the Transactions occurred on January 1, 2015 nor what our actual cash position, indebtedness or secured indebtedness when the Transactions occurred on March 31, 2015, nor do they purport to project our indebtedness, cash position or interest expense at any future date. The pro forma non-GAAP measures have not been adjusted to reflect the impact of any changes to the income statement, balance sheet or cash flow statement that might occur as a result of application of the acquisition method of accounting under IFRS, which will affect the comparability of the Issuer's future consolidated financial statements with the Wittur Group's financial statements contained in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015. The as adjusted financial information has not been prepared in accordance with the requirements of Regulation S-X of the U.S. Securities Act, other SEC requirements, IFRS, German GAAP or other generally accepted accounting principles. Neither the assumptions underlying the pro forma adjustments nor the resulting pro forma non-GAAP measures have been audited or reviewed in accordance with any generally accepted auditing standards.

These pro forma non-GAAP measures are not measures determined based on IFRS, or any other internationally accepted accounting principles, and you should not consider such items as an alternative to the historical financial position or results or other indicators of our position or performance based on IFRS measures. The pro forma non-GAAP measures, as provided for in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, may not be comparable to similarly titled measures as presented by other companies due to differences in the way our pro forma non-GAAP measures are calculated. Even though these types of measures

are commonly used by investors, they have important limitations as analytical tools, and you should not consider them in isolation or as substitutes for analysis of our position or results as reported under IFRS.

### **Non-Financial Operating Data**

Certain key performance indicators and other non-financial operating data included in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, including (i) number of doors sold (units), including mechanisms, (ii) number of employees (heads), (iii) order intake and (iv) order book at the end of the period, are derived from management estimates, are not part of our financial statements or financial accounting records, and have not been audited or otherwise reviewed by outside auditors, consultants or experts. Our use or computation of these terms may not be comparable to the use or computation of similarly titled measures reported by other companies. Any or all of these terms should not be considered in isolation or as an alternative measure of performance under IFRS.

### **Rounding**

Certain numerical figures set out in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, including financial information presented in millions and percentages describing market shares, have been subject to rounding and, as a result, the totals of the data in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 may vary slightly from the actual arithmetic totals of such information. Percentages and amounts reflecting changes over time periods relating to financial and other information set forth in “*Management’s Discussion and Analysis of Financial Condition and Results of Operations*” are calculated using the numerical data in each of the Consolidated Financial Statements of Wittur or the tabular presentation of other information (subject to rounding) contained in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, as applicable, and not using the numerical data in the narrative description thereof.

## **PRESENTATION OF INDUSTRY AND MARKET DATA**

In this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015, we rely on and refer to information regarding our business and the markets in which we operate and compete. Certain economic and industry data, market data and market forecasts set forth in this Financial Report for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 were extracted from market research, governmental and other publicly available information, independent industry publications, reports prepared by industry consultants and other external sources (including two global consulting firms). Some of these reports were commissioned by the Sellers or Wittur in connection with the Acquisition, and as such may not be fully independent views on the industry or the market.

For further information regarding industry and market data see “*Presentation of Industry and Market Data*” in 2014 Annual Bond Report.

## **RISK FACTORS**

*The risks and uncertainties we describe in the 2014 Annual Report are not the only ones we face. Additional risks and uncertainties of which we are not aware or that we currently believe are immaterial may also adversely affect our business, financial condition and results of operations and our ability to fulfill our obligations under the Notes and Guarantees. If any of the possible events described in 2014 Annual Bond Report were to occur, our business, financial condition and results of operations could be materially and adversely affected. If that happens, the trading prices of the Notes could decline, we may not be able to pay interest or principal on the Notes when due and you could lose all or part of your investment.*

With Wittur Group conducting its business worldwide it is exposed to numerous potential risks. In order to achieve targets and maximize value management’s role is to continually identify these risks and minimize potential exposure to these risks.

Wittur Group management continuously review both internal and external risks in all business areas and subsidiaries, evaluates them and with respect to exposure and probability of occurrence and ensures, where appropriate, provisions are recognized on the Balance Sheet to cover such exposure.

A detailed risk report describing the most relevant risks is included in the 2014 Annual Bond Report (see “*Risk Factors*” p. 40.).

UNAUDITED IFRS CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT  
SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

**Unaudited IFRS Condensed Consolidated Interim Financial Statements of**

**Wittur International Holding GmbH,  
Wiedenzhausen, Germany**

**for the nine months ended September 30, 2015**

## CONTENT

FINANCIAL STATEMENTS .....	20
Condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income .....	20
Condensed consolidated interim balance sheet.....	21
Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows.....	22
Condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity.....	23
NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS .....	24
1 Corporate information.....	24
1.1 Reporting entity .....	24
1.2 Basis of preparation.....	24
2 Significant accounting policies .....	24
3 Estimates and judgements .....	25
4 Changes in the composition of the Group.....	26
5 Significant events and transactions .....	26
6 Seasonality or cyclicity of interim operations .....	26
7 Financial risk management .....	26
8 Notes to the condensed consolidated interim statements of comprehensive income and balance sheet ..	27
8.1 Revenues .....	27
8.2 Expenses by nature .....	27
8.3 Other income .....	27
8.4 Other expenses.....	27
8.5 Finance expense.....	28
8.6 Finance income.....	28
8.7 Intangible assets.....	28
8.8 Property, plant and equipment .....	28
8.9 Other non-current assets .....	29
8.10 Inventories .....	29
8.11 Other current financial assets.....	29
8.12 Other current assets .....	29
8.13 Interest-bearing loans and borrowings.....	30
8.14 Provisions for pensions.....	30
8.15 Other provisions .....	30
8.16 Other non-current financial liabilities.....	30
8.17 Trade and other payables .....	31
8.18 Other current financial liabilities .....	31
9 Additional disclosures on financial instruments .....	31
10 Events after balance sheet date .....	35

## FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

### Condensed consolidated interim statement of comprehensive income

<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Note</b>	<b>01.01.-30.09.2015</b>	<b>01.01.-30.09.2014</b>
Revenues	(8.1)	444.756	380.866
Cost of sales	(8.2)	-327.961	-280.031
<b>Gross profit</b>		<b>116.796</b>	<b>100.835</b>
Selling expenses		-15.479	-13.823
Research & development expenses		-5.013	-4.716
Administrative expenses		-43.031	-38.482
Other income	(8.3)	1.572	1.317
Other expenses	(8.4)	-2.805	-1.740
<b>Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)</b>		<b>52.040</b>	<b>43.390</b>
Finance expense	(8.5)	-14.831	-13.067
Finance income	(8.6)	180	1.051
<b>Earnings before income taxes (EBT)</b>		<b>37.389</b>	<b>31.375</b>
Income taxes		-13.043	-12.202
<b>NET RESULT FOR THE PERIOD</b>		<b>24.346</b>	<b>19.173</b>

<b>Other comprehensive income</b>			
Other comprehensive income to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:			
Exchange differences on translation of foreign operations		2.156	1.491
Other comprehensive income not to be reclassified to profit or loss in subsequent periods:			
Actuarial gains and losses		0	-835
Income tax relating to the components of OCI		0	230
<b>Other comprehensive income, net of tax</b>		<b>2.156</b>	<b>885</b>
<b>TOTAL COMPREHENSIVE INCOME FOR THE PERIOD</b>		<b>26.503</b>	<b>20.058</b>

Condensed consolidated interim balance sheet

<b>ASSETS</b>			
<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Note</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2014</b>
Intangible assets	(8.7)	128.312	130.090
Property, plant and equipment	(8.8)	72.003	75.565
Investment properties		3.219	3.268
Other non-current financial assets	(8.9)	37	56
Other non-current assets	(8.9)	1.078	1.561
Deferred tax assets		5.063	4.528
<b>Non-current assets</b>		<b>209.713</b>	<b>215.067</b>
Inventories	(8.10)	46.761	43.080
Trade and other receivables		108.748	93.721
Other current financial assets	(8.11)	603	1.713
Other current assets	(8.12)	10.587	9.143
Cash and cash equivalents		27.526	33.974
<b>Current assets</b>		<b>194.225</b>	<b>181.631</b>
<b>Total assets</b>		<b>403.938</b>	<b>396.698</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>			
<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Note</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2014</b>
Subscribed capital		25	25
Retained earnings		-3.285	-24.544
Net result for the period		24.346	21.258
Other components of equity		19.006	16.850
<b>Total equity</b>		<b>40.092</b>	<b>13.589</b>
Non-current interest-bearing loans and borrowings	(8.13)	188.489	72.250
Provisions for pensions	(8.14)	9.204	9.458
Other non-current provisions	(8.15)	3.423	4.687
Other non-current financial liabilities	(8.16)	3.470	3.623
Deferred tax liabilities		10.958	11.048
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>		<b>215.544</b>	<b>101.066</b>
Current interest-bearing loans and borrowings	(8.13)	17.475	165.105
Trade and other payables	(8.17)	121.679	107.844
Provisions for pensions	(8.14)	589	291
Other current provisions	(8.15)	2.400	3.062
Other current financial liabilities	(8.18)	463	252
Income tax liabilities		5.696	5.488
<b>Current liabilities</b>		<b>148.302</b>	<b>282.042</b>
<b>Total equity and liabilities</b>		<b>403.938</b>	<b>396.698</b>

Condensed consolidated interim statement of cash flows

KEUR	01.01.-30.09.2015	01.01.-30.09.2014
<b>Operating activities</b>		
<b>Profit after Tax</b>	<b>24.346</b>	<b>19.173</b>
Depreciation and Amortisation	11.801	11.426
Taxes	13.043	12.202
Interest & financial net	14.651	12.015
Gain/loss on sale of fixed assets	-41	-43
Losses from disposal of fixed assets	58	14
<b>Cash generated from operations (excluding working capital changes)</b>	<b>63.859</b>	<b>54.788</b>
Changes in working capital	-9.478	6.490
Net movement in provisions, pension obligations and other liabilities	-2.261	-1.674
Net movement in other assets	-69	463
Interest received	279	165
Income taxes paid	-14.088	-11.907
<b>Net cash flow from operating activities</b>	<b>38.242</b>	<b>48.326</b>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	-2.537	-2.967
Purchase of intangible assets	-3.646	-2.362
Disposal of assets	94	1.661
<b>Net cash flow used in investing activities</b>	<b>-6.089</b>	<b>-3.668</b>
<b>Net cash flow before financing activities</b>	<b>32.153</b>	<b>44.658</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Repayment of Shareholder loan	-	-2.520
Repayment of borrowings	-160.133	-20.005
Proceeds from borrowings	119.468	-
Payment for interest derivatives (Caps/Swaps)	-	-322
Interest paid	-1.989	-6.338
<b>Net cash flow used in financing activities</b>	<b>-42.655</b>	<b>-29.185</b>
<b>Net increase / (decrease) in cash</b>	<b>-10.502</b>	<b>15.473</b>
Effects currency translation	4.053	734
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	33.974	19.998
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	27.526	36.204

Condensed consolidated interim statement of changes in equity

KEUR	Attributable to owners of the parent						Total equity
	Subscribed capital	Retained earnings	Capital reserves	Other reserves			
				Currency translation	Valuation of pensions		
<b>Balance as of Jan. 1, 2014</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>-24.544</b>	<b>22.025</b>	<b>-5.409</b>	<b>-1.113</b>	<b>-9.016</b>	
Net result for the period	-	19.173	-	-	-	<b>19.173</b>	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	1.491	-606	<b>885</b>	
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>19.173</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>1.491</b>	<b>-606</b>	<b>20.058</b>	
<b>Balance as of Sep. 30, 2014</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>-5.371</b>	<b>22.025</b>	<b>-3.919</b>	<b>-1.719</b>	<b>11.041</b>	
<b>Balance as of Jan. 1, 2015</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>-3.285</b>	<b>22.025</b>	<b>-3.456</b>	<b>-1.719</b>	<b>13.589</b>	
Net result for the period	-	24.346	-	-	-	<b>24.346</b>	
Other comprehensive income	-	-	-	2.156	-	<b>2.156</b>	
<b>Total comprehensive income</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>24.346</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>2.156</b>	<b>-</b>	<b>26.503</b>	
<b>Balance as of Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>25</b>	<b>21.061</b>	<b>22.025</b>	<b>-1.300</b>	<b>-1.719</b>	<b>40.092</b>	

## **NOTES TO THE CONDENSED CONSOLIDATED INTERIM FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

### 1 Corporate information

#### 1.1 Reporting entity

Wittur International Holding GmbH (“Wittur” or the “Company”) is a limited liability company domiciled in Wiedenzhausen, Germany. The address of the Company’s registered office is Rohrbachstraße 26-30, 85259 Wiedenzhausen, Germany. The consolidated interim financial statements of the Company as at and for the period ended September 30, 2015 comprise the Company and its subsidiaries (together referred to as “Wittur Group” or the “Group” and individually as “Group entities”).

The parent company of Wittur International Holding GmbH is Paternoster Holding IV GmbH, Wiedenzhausen, Germany. Paternoster Holding III GmbH, an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Bain Capital Europe Fund IV, L.P. (“Bain Capital”), has secured a High Yield Bond on February 10, 2015 in connection with the acquisition by Bain Capital of the Wittur Group. The ultimate controlling party is Elevate (BC) ScA, Luxembourg, Luxembourg. The entity owners or others do not have the power to amend the financial statements after issue.

The Wittur Group is a leading independent solution provider for components, modules and complete elevators for the lift industry. It is a development partner and supplier to the major international lift companies, as well as small and medium-sized manufacturers. Its range of products comprises mainly the development and manufacture of doors, door mechanisms, cars, safety components, gearless drives, frames and complete elevators. The Wittur Group does not install lifts and does not offer maintenance services for lifts.

#### 1.2 Basis of preparation

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements for the nine months ended September 30, 2015 have been prepared in accordance with IAS 34, ‘Interim financial reporting’. The condensed consolidated interim financial statements should be read in conjunction with the annual financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014, which have been prepared in accordance and in conformity with all International Financial Reporting Standards (IFRS) and the publications of the International Financial Reporting Interpretations Committee (IFRIC) as adopted by the EU.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements were authorised for issue by the Executive Board of the Company on November 26, 2015.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements have not been audited.

For computational reasons, rounding differences of +/- one unit (€, %, etc.) can occur in the tables.

### 2 Significant accounting policies

Wittur Group has applied the same accounting principles in the preparation of this Interim Report as in its Financial Statements for 2014, except for the adoption of new standards and interpretations effective during 2015 that are relevant to its operations.

Wittur Group does not expect any material changes in results of operations, financial position or cash flows caused by any other published but not yet applied standards.

These condensed consolidated interim financial statements are presented in euros. Unless otherwise noted, all amounts are shown in thousands of euros (KEUR) in accordance with the commercial rounding practices.

The exchange rates of certain significant currencies versus the euro changed as follows:

**Currency translation**

**1 EUR =**

Currency	ISO Code	Rate at closing date		Average exchange rate	
		Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014	01.01.-30.09.2015	01.01.-30.09.2014
Argentine Peso	ARS	10,587	10,377	9,996	10,809
Australian Dollar	AUD	1,594	1,483	1,462	1,477
Brazilian Real	BRL	4,481	3,221	3,519	3,104
Chinese Yuan Renminbi	CNY	7,121	7,536	6,965	8,358
Czech Koruna	CZK	27,187	27,735	27,361	27,504
British Pound	GBP	0,739	0,779	0,727	0,812
Hong Kong Dollar	HKD	8,682	9,417	8,641	10,511
Hungarian Forint	HUF	313,450	315,540	308,982	308,765
New Israeli Sheqel	ILS	4,400	4,720	4,336	4,734
Indian Rupee	INR	73,481	76,719	70,841	82,300
Polish Zloty	PLN	4,245	4,273	4,156	4,175
Swedish Krona	SEK	9,408	9,393	9,372	9,038
Singapore Dollar	SGD	1,592	1,606	1,520	1,705
Turkish Lira	TRY	3,390	2,832	2,968	2,934
U.S. Dollar	USD	1,120	1,214	1,115	1,355

The interest rates used to calculate the present value of pension obligations are given below:

	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
<b>Discount rate:</b>		
Germany	2,40%	2,40%
Austria	2,40%	2,40%
Italy	2,00%	2,00%
Turkey	10,00%	10,00%
<b>Salary increase:</b>		
Germany	0,00%	0,00%
Austria	2,50%	2,50%
Italy	3,00%	3,00%
Turkey	8,00%	8,00%
<b>Inflation rate:</b>		
Germany	0,00%	0,00%
Austria	0,00%	0,00%
Italy	2,00%	2,00%
Turkey	6,50%	6,50%

### 3 Estimates and judgements

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with IFRS requires management to make judgements, estimates and assumptions that affect the application of accounting policies and the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, income and expenses. Actual results may differ from these estimates. Estimates and underlying assumptions are reviewed on an on-going basis. Revisions to accounting estimates are recognised in the period in which the estimates are revised and in any future periods affected.

In preparing these consolidated interim financial statements, the significant judgements made by management in applying the group's accounting policies and the key sources of estimation uncertainty were the same as those that applied to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended December 31, 2014.

#### 4 Changes in the composition of the Group

As at September 30, 2015 the Group's consolidated financial statements included, besides Wittur International Holding GmbH, a total of 26 subsidiaries. The regional allocation of our subsidiary Wittur Poland changed from Rest of World to Europe as at January, 2015. This new regional split is also used for comparative data in 2014.

#### 5 Significant events and transactions

On December 22, 2014 a private equity fund managed by Bain Capital signed a Share Purchase Agreement agreeing to buy 100% of Wittur Group shares from its former shareholders. The closing process was completed on the March 31, 2015. Paternoster Holding III GmbH, an indirect, wholly owned subsidiary of Bain Capital Europe Fund IV, L.P. ("Bain Capital"), has secured a High Yield Bond on February 10, 2015 in connection with the acquisition by Bain Capital of the Wittur Group. Additionally, in connection to this, Paternoster Holding IV GmbH, a direct, wholly owned subsidiary of Paternoster Holding III GmbH, signed a long-term loan agreement.

On August 11, 2015 Wittur and Sematic agreed to merge and therefore create a leading global supplier in the elevators and elevator components manufacturing industry. The agreement between Bain Capital, as the owner of Wittur, and The Carlyle Group and the Zappa family, as joint owners of Sematic, is to transfer a controlling interest in Sematic to Wittur. Carlyle and the Zappa family will retain a stake in the combined entity. It is anticipated that closing will be early 2016.

#### 6 Seasonality or cyclicity of interim operations

The financial results of the interim financial statements of the Group are not materially affected by seasonal or cyclical events.

#### 7 Financial risk management

The financial liabilities used by the Company mainly comprise bank loans and overdrafts, finance leases, debts from supply and performance and hire purchase contracts and other loans granted. The main purpose of these financial liabilities is the financing of the Group's business activities. Various financial assets such as trade receivables and cash which result directly from said business activities continue to be available to the Group.

The Group is exposed to the following risks from financial instruments:

- credit risk,
- liquidity risk, and
- market risk

The condensed consolidated interim financial statements do not include all financial risk management information and disclosures required in the annual financial statements; they should be read in conjunction with the Group's annual financial statements as at December 31, 2014.

There have been no changes in the risk management department or in any risk management policies since the year end.

8 Notes to the condensed consolidated interim statements of comprehensive income and balance sheet

8.1 Revenues

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Sep. 30, 2014
<b>Sales of goods</b>		
Europe	192.797	179.364
Asia	211.622	154.597
Rest of World	40.338	46.906
<b>Revenues</b>	<b>444.756</b>	<b>380.866</b>

8.2 Expenses by nature

Expenses by nature mainly consist of:

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Sep. 30, 2014
Direct material costs	220.287	189.937
Employee benefit expense	77.954	68.790

8.3 Other income

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Sep. 30, 2014
Government income for tax benefits, premiums and subsidies	631	396
Income from rented Property	304	340
Income from R&D or research funding	251	88
Gain on sale of fixed assets	41	43
Income from insurance companies	31	82
Licence fee Income	100	100
Others	214	267
<b>Other income</b>	<b>1.572</b>	<b>1.317</b>

8.4 Other expenses

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Sep. 30, 2014
Other taxes	2.061	1.597
Currency translation loss - net	686	128
Others	58	14
<b>Other expenses</b>	<b>2.805</b>	<b>1.740</b>

8.5 Finance expense

<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2014</b>
Shareholder loan interest	9.897	4.881
Interest on borrowings	1.278	5.958
Amortization of transaction costs	454	1.422
Currency transaction loss on Intercompany loans	1.519	-
Discounting of provisions	233	275
Other financial expenses	609	524
<b>Total interest expense that is not measured at fair value through profit and loss</b>	<b>13.990</b>	<b>13.060</b>
Net loss on financial instruments at fair value through profit or loss	841	7
<b>Finance expense</b>	<b>14.831</b>	<b>13.067</b>

8.6 Finance income

<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2014</b>
Other interest income	180	193
<b>Total interest income that is not measured at fair value through profit and loss</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>193</b>
Net gain on financial instruments at fair value through profit or	-	858
<b>Finance income</b>	<b>180</b>	<b>1.051</b>

8.7 Intangible assets

<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2014</b>
Goodwill	79.548	79.548
Licences, patents, trademarks and other rights	41.685	45.116
Development costs	7.078	5.425
<b>Total</b>	<b>128.312</b>	<b>130.090</b>

8.8 Property, plant and equipment

<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2014</b>
Land and buildings	42.436	43.427
Plant and machinery	15.987	15.673
Furniture & equipment	5.972	6.981
Prepayments & construction in progress	3.271	4.925
Assets under Finance lease	4.337	4.560
<b>Total</b>	<b>72.003</b>	<b>75.565</b>

8.9 Other non-current assets

Other non-current financial assets

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Interest rate derivatives	6	8
Investments	9	26
Guarantees and deposits	22	22
<b>Other non-current financial assets</b>	<b>37</b>	<b>56</b>

Other non-current assets

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
VAT receivables long-term	1.009	1.561
Others	69	-
<b>Other non-current assets</b>	<b>1.078</b>	<b>1.561</b>

8.10 Inventories

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Raw materials and supplies	27.368	24.876
Finished goods and work in progress	18.608	17.279
Prepayments on inventory	784	924
<b>Inventories</b>	<b>46.761</b>	<b>43.080</b>

Inventories recognised as expense amounted to KEUR 220,287 as at September 30, 2015 (September 30, 2014: KEUR 189,937). As at September 30, 2015 inventory obsolescence allowance amounted to KEUR 4,741 (December 31, 2014: KEUR 4,108).

8.11 Other current financial assets

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Loans	5	467
FX derivatives	597	1.246
<b>Other current financial assets</b>	<b>603</b>	<b>1.713</b>

8.12 Other current assets

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
VAT receivable	4.647	4.372
Income tax receivables	1.121	830
Prepaid expenses	1.529	1.319
Withholding tax receivable	199	203
Government grant	565	213
Other	2.526	2.206
<b>Other current assets</b>	<b>10.587</b>	<b>9.143</b>

8.13 Interest-bearing loans and borrowings

Non-current interest-bearing loans and borrowings

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Non-current bank loans	216	29
Shareholder loans	188.273	72.221
<b>Non-current interest-bearing loans and borrowings</b>	<b>188.489</b>	<b>72.250</b>

Current interest bearing loans and borrowings

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Current bank loans	11.225	165.105
Shareholder loans and accrued interest	6.250	-
<b>Current interest-bearing loans and borrowings</b>	<b>17.475</b>	<b>165.105</b>

8.14 Provisions for pensions

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Present value of funded Defined Benefit Obligation (DBO)	9.793	9.749
<b>Net liability</b>	<b>9.793</b>	<b>9.749</b>

8.15 Other provisions

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	
	current	non-current
Warranty provisions	2.136	3.423
Indemnity for termination of employment	-	-
Others	264	-
<b>Other current &amp; non-current provisions</b>	<b>2.400</b>	<b>3.423</b>

KEUR	Dec. 31, 2014	
	current	non-current
Warranty provisions	2.688	4.687
Indemnity for termination of employment	100	-
Others	275	-
<b>Other current &amp; non-current provisions</b>	<b>3.062</b>	<b>4.687</b>

8.16 Other non-current financial liabilities

KEUR	Sep. 30, 2015	Dec. 31, 2014
Non-current finance lease liabilities	3.319	3.443
FX derivatives	-	27
Other non-current financial liabilities	151	153
<b>Other non-current financial liabilities</b>	<b>3.470</b>	<b>3.623</b>

8.17 Trade and other payables

<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2014</b>
Trade accounts payable	85.420	78.551
Payroll liabilities	19.249	19.115
Advance payments received	5.871	3.498
VAT payable	3.809	2.056
Withholding tax payable	32	44
Others	7.298	4.580
<b>Trade and other payables</b>	<b>121.679</b>	<b>107.844</b>

8.18 Other current financial liabilities

<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>Dec. 31, 2014</b>
Current finance lease liabilities	245	252
FX derivative	217	0
<b>Other current financial liabilities</b>	<b>463</b>	<b>252</b>

9 Additional disclosures on financial instruments

Set out below is a comparison by class of the carrying amounts and fair value of the Group's financial instruments.

Notes are to be disclosed by classes that take into account the characteristics of the financial instruments. At Wittur, the classification is based on the presentation on the balance sheet.

KEUR	Category in accordance with IAS 39	Carrying amount Sep. 30, 2015	Amounts recognised in balance sheet according to IAS 39		Amounts recognised in balance sheet according to IAS 17	Amounts recognised in balance sheet not in scope of IFRS 7	Fair value Sep. 30, 2015
			Amortised cost	Fair Value			
<b>Financial assets</b>							
<b>Non-current assets</b>							
Other non-current financial assets							
VAT receivables long-term	LaR	1.009				1.009	n/a
Other receivables	LaR	69	69				n/a
Interest rate derivatives	FAFV	6		6			6
Investments	LaR	9	9				n/a
Guarantees and deposits	LaR	22	22				n/a
<b>Current assets</b>							
Trade and other receivables	LaR	108.748	108.748				n/a
Other current financial assets							
FX derivatives	FAFV	597		597			597
Loan	LaR	5	5				n/a
Cash and cash equivalents	LaR	27.526	27.526				n/a
<b>Financial liabilities</b>							
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>							
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	FLAC	216	216				n/a
Other financial liabilities							
Finance lease obligations	FLAC	3.319			3.319		n/a
FX derivatives	FLFV	-					-
Other financial liabilities	FLAC	151	151				n/a
<b>Current liabilities</b>							
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	FLAC	11.225	11.225				n/a
Trade and other payables	FLAC	121.679	85.420			36.258	n/a
Other financial liabilities							
Finance lease obligations	FLAC	245			245		n/a
FX derivatives	FLFV	217		217			217
<b>Aggregated by category in accordance with IAS 39</b>							
Loans and receivables (LaR)		137.389					
Financial liabilities at fair value (FLFV) through profit or loss		217					
Financial assets at fair value (FAFV) through profit or loss		604					
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (FLAC)		136.834					

KEUR	Category in accordance with IAS 39	Carrying amount Dec. 31, 2014	Amounts recognised in balance sheet according to IAS 39		Amounts recognised in balance sheet according to IAS 17	Amounts recognised in balance sheet not in scope of IFRS 7	Fair value Dec. 31, 2014
			Amortised cost	Fair Value			
<b>Financial assets</b>							
<b>Non-current assets</b>							
Other non-current financial assets							
VAT receivables long-term	LaR	1.561				1.561	
Interest rate derivatives	FAFV	8	-	8	-	-	8
Investments	LaR	26	26	-	-	-	26
Guarantees and deposits	LaR	22	22	-	-	-	22
<b>Current assets</b>							
Trade and other receivables	LaR	93.721	93.721	-	-	-	n/a
Other current financial assets							
FX derivatives	FAFV	1.246		1.246			1.246
Loan	LaR	467	467	-	-	-	n/a
Cash and cash equivalents	LaR	33.974	33.974	-	-	-	n/a
<b>Financial liabilities</b>							
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>							
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	FLAC	29	29	-	-	-	29
Other financial liabilities							
Finance lease obligations	FLAC	3.443	-	-	3.443	-	n/a
FX derivatives	FLFV	27	-	27	-	-	27
Other financial liabilities	FLAC	153	153	-	-	-	153
<b>Current liabilities</b>							
Interest-bearing loans and borrowings	FLAC	165.105	165.105	-	-	-	n/a
Trade and other payables	FLAC	107.844	78.551	-	-	29.293	n/a
Other financial liabilities							
Finance lease obligations	FLAC	252	-	-	252	-	n/a
FX derivatives	FLFV	0	-	0	-	-	0
<b>Aggregated by category in accordance with IAS 39</b>							
Loans and receivables (LaR)		129.771					
Financial liabilities at fair value (FLFV) through profit or loss		27					
Financial assets at fair value (FAFV) through profit or loss		1.254					
Financial liabilities measured at amortised cost (FLAC)		276.825					

The tables above do not include shareholder loans (FLAC). Its carrying amount is in total KEUR 194,523 (December 31, 2014: KEUR 72,221). As at September 30, 2015 the fair value of the shareholder loans was KEUR 208,223 (December 31, 2014: KEUR 131,456). The complete amount of FLAC as at September 30, 2015 is KEUR 331,358 (December 31, 2014: KEUR 349,046). For finance lease liabilities, it is assumed that their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

For financial instruments with current maturities including cash and cash equivalents, accounts receivable and payable as well as other receivables and payables it is assumed that their carrying amounts approximate their fair values.

The fair values of non-current financial instruments are calculated as the present values of the estimated future cash flows using market interest rates for discounting.

The fair values of non-current financial liabilities with variable interest rates are estimated to be equal to their carrying amounts since the interest rates agreed and those available on the market do not significantly differ.

The following tables provide the fair value measurement hierarchy of the Group's non-current assets and liabilities.

The different hierarchy levels have been defined as follows:

Level 1 input are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities that the entity can access at the measurement date. A quoted market price in an active market provides the most reliable evidence of fair value and is used without adjustment to measure fair value whenever available, with limited exceptions.

Level 2 inputs are inputs other than quoted market prices included within Level 1 that are observable for the asset or liability, either directly or indirectly. Level 2 inputs include quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities in active markets, quoted prices for identical or similar assets or liabilities in markets that are not active, inputs other than quoted prices that are observable for the asset or liability and inputs that are derived principally from or corroborated by observable market data by correlation or other means ('market-corroborated inputs').

Level 3 inputs are unobservable inputs for the asset or liability. Unobservable inputs are used to measure fair value to the extent that relevant observable inputs are not available, thereby allowing for situations in which there is little, if any, market activity for the asset or liability at the measurement date. An entity develops unobservable inputs using the best information available in the circumstances, which might include the entity's own data, taking into account all information about market participant assumptions that is reasonably available.

The Group's policy is to recognise transfers into and transfers out of fair value hierarchy levels as at the end of the reporting period. There have been no transfers between Level 1, Level 2 and Level 3 during the interim period.

Quantitative disclosures to the fair value measurements hierarchy for assets as at September 30, 2015:

Sep. 30, 2015 KEUR		Fair value measurement using			Total
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Date of valuation					
<b>Assets measured at fair value:</b>					
Non-current derivative financial assets	30.09.2015		6		6
Current derivative financial assets	30.09.2015		597		597
<b>Assets for which fair values are disclosed:</b>					

Quantitative disclosures to the fair value measurements hierarchy for liabilities as at September 30, 2015:

Sep. 30, 2015 KEUR		Fair value measurement using			Total
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Date of valuation					
<b>Liabilities measured at fair value:</b>					
Non-current derivative financial liabilities	30.09.2015		-		-
Current derivative financial liabilities	30.09.2015		217		217
<b>Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed:</b>					
Interest bearing loans and borrowing	30.09.2015				

Quantitative disclosures to the fair value measurements hierarchy for assets as at December 31, 2014:

Dec. 31, 2014 KEUR		Fair value measurement using			Total
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Date of valuation					
<b>Assets measured at fair value:</b>					
Other non-curr. financial assets/derivative financial assets	31.12.2014		8		8
Other curr. financial assets/derivative financial assets	31.12.2014		1.246		1.246
<b>Assets for which fair values are disclosed:</b>					

Quantitative disclosures to the fair value measurements hierarchy for liabilities as at December 31, 2014:

Dec. 31, 2014 KEUR		Fair value measurement using			Total
		Quoted prices in active markets (Level 1)	Significant observable inputs (Level 2)	Significant unobservable inputs (Level 3)	
Date of valuation					
<b>Liabilities measured at fair value:</b>					
Non-current derivative financial liabilities	31.12.2014		27		27
Current derivative financial liabilities	31.12.2014		0		0
<b>Liabilities for which fair values are disclosed:</b>					
Interest bearing loans and borrowing	31.12.2014			29	29

The tables above do not include shareholder loans. The fair value hierarchy of the shareholder loans is Level 3 and the corresponding amount is KEUR 208,223 (December 31, 2014: KEUR 131,456).

#### 10 Events after balance sheet date

Bain Capital completed the closing process, referred to in note 5 *Significant events and transactions* in the Financial Statements, on March 31, 2015, thereby acquiring Wittur International Holding GmbH Group. This Bond report and Financial Statements are that of Wittur International Holding GmbH. Paternoster Holding III Financial statements as at March 31, 2015 and September 30, 2015, reflecting the transaction, are included as an appendix to this report. The purchase price allocation has not been reflected in these financial statements.

On August 11, 2015 Wittur and Sematic agreed to merge and therefore create a leading global supplier in the elevators and elevator components manufacturing industry. The agreement between Bain Capital, as the owner of Wittur, and The Carlyle Group and the Zappa family, as joint owners of Sematic, is to transfer a controlling interest in Sematic to Wittur. Carlyle and the Zappa family will retain a stake in the combined entity. It is anticipated that closing will be early in 2016.

On October 22, 2015, Wittur Group successfully concluded the loan syndication for the financing of the Sematic acquisition valued at €210 million. The transaction will be financed by a €180 million senior facility loan add-on, a draw down from the revolving credit facility, which will be increased by €15 million to €80 million to facilitate the transaction, and the remainder from cash on the balance sheet. The senior facility loan add-on closing is subject to customary conditions.

Wiedenzhausen, November 26, 2015

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Dr. Walter Rohregger  
CEO

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Dr. Daniel Wiest  
CFO

UNAUDITED IFRS PRO FORMA CONSOLIDATED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AS AT MARCH 31  
(CLOSING) AND SEPTEMBER 30, 2015

**Unaudited IFRS Pro Forma Consolidated Financial Statements of**

**Paternoster Holding III GmbH,  
Wiedenzhausen, Germany**

**for the periods ended March 31 (Closing) and September 30, 2015**

Consolidated profit and loss account

KEUR	01.01.-30.09.2015	01.01.-31.03.2015
Revenues	318.105	-
Cost of sales	-233.427	-
<b>Gross profit</b>	<b>84.677</b>	-
Selling expenses	-10.501	-
Research & development expenses	-3.429	-
Administrative expenses	-37.095	-6.368
Other income	1.110	-
Other expenses	-2.070	-
<b>Earnings before interest and taxes (EBIT)</b>	<b>32.693</b>	<b>-6.368</b>
Finance expense	-30.967	-11.340
Finance income	95	-
<b>Earnings before income taxes (EBT)</b>	<b>1.821</b>	<b>-17.708</b>
Income taxes	-14.597	-4.239
<b>Net result for the period</b>	<b>-12.776</b>	<b>-21.947</b>

Consolidated balance sheet

<b>ASSETS</b>		
<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep. 30, 2015</b>	<b>March 31, 2015</b>
Intangible assets	498.213	498.999
Property, plant and equipment	72.003	75.657
Investment properties	3.219	3.251
Other non-current financial assets	42	59
Other non-current assets	1.075	1.223
Deferred tax assets	5.063	4.829
<b>Non-current assets</b>	<b>579.615</b>	<b>584.018</b>
Inventories	46.761	50.803
Trade and other receivables	108.748	90.965
Other current financial assets	603	1.722
Other current assets	11.617	10.804
Cash and cash equivalents	27.740	52.926
<b>Current assets</b>	<b>195.469</b>	<b>207.221</b>
<b>Total Assets</b>	<b>775.083</b>	<b>791.239</b>
<b>EQUITY AND LIABILITIES</b>		
<b>KEUR</b>	<b>Sep 30, 2015</b>	<b>March 31, 2015</b>
Subscribed capital	25	25
Retained earnings	-8	-8
Net gain / loss for the year	-12.776	-21.947
Other components of equity	194.322	194.615
<b>Total equity</b>	<b>181.563</b>	<b>172.686</b>
Non-current interest-bearing loans and borrowings	404.990	404.063
Provisions for pensions	9.204	9.379
Other non-current provisions	3.423	5.241
Other non-current financial liabilities	3.470	3.624
Deferred tax liabilities	14.967	14.971
<b>Non-current liabilities</b>	<b>436.054</b>	<b>437.277</b>
Current interest-bearing loans and borrowings	11.988	30.587
Trade and other payables	136.331	141.015
Provisions for pensions	589	395
Other current provisions	2.400	2.941
Other current financial liabilities	463	240
Income tax liabilities	5.696	6.098
<b>Current liabilities</b>	<b>157.467</b>	<b>181.276</b>
<b>Total Equity and Liabilities</b>	<b>775.083</b>	<b>791.239</b>

Consolidated statement of cash flows

KEUR	01.01.-30.09.2015	01.01.-31.03.2015
<b>Operating activities</b>		
<b>Profit (loss) after Tax</b>	<b>-12.776</b>	<b>-21.947</b>
Depreciation and Amortisation	7.844	-
Taxes	14.597	4.239
Interest & financial net	30.873	11.340
Gain/loss on sale of fixed assets	-36	-
Losses from disposal of fixed assets	54	-
<b>Cash generated from operations (excl. working capital changes)</b>	<b>40.555</b>	<b>-6.368</b>
Changes in working capital	-18.588	6.340
Transaction costs relating to business combination	-7.667	-1.025
Net movement in provisions, pension obligations and other liabilities	-2.135	-
Net movement in other assets	-529	-
Interest received	203	-
Income taxes paid	-11.255	-
<b>Net cash flow from operating activities</b>	<b>584</b>	<b>-1.052</b>
<b>Investing activities</b>		
Acquisition of Business, net of cash acquired	-369.454	-369.454
Purchase of property, plant & equipment	-2.218	-
Purchase of intangible assets	-2.923	-
Disposal of assets	80	-
<b>Net cash flow used in investing activities</b>	<b>-374.515</b>	<b>-369.454</b>
<b>Net cash flow before financing activities</b>	<b>-373.931</b>	<b>-370.506</b>
<b>Financing activities</b>		
Transaction costs paid relating to loans and borrowings	-16.100	-16.100
Proceeds from issue of shares to Paternoster II	154.615	154.615
Repayment of borrowings	-160.133	-160.133
Proceeds from borrowings	427.510	445.000
Interest paid	-7.108	-
<b>Net cash flow used in financing activities</b>	<b>398.785</b>	<b>423.382</b>
<b>Net increase / (decrease) in cash</b>	<b>24.854</b>	<b>52.876</b>
Effects currency translation	2.836	-
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	50	50
Cash and cash equivalents at the end of period	27.740	52.926